

Table 1. Exogenous and endogenous factors producing Top1 cleavage complexes

<b>Drugs<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Mechanism<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Rev<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Refs.</b>
Camptothecins	T	r	Derived from the natural alkaloid	(196)
Indenoisoquinolines	T	r	Synthetic; in preclinical development	(32)
Indolocarbazoles (NB-506)	T	r	Semi-synthetic; in clinical development	(32)
Actinomycin D	T	r	Other effects: DNA, RNA polymerase	(196)
Hoechst minor groove	T	r	Other effects: DNA	(32)
Ecteinascidin 743 (Yondelis <sup>R</sup> )	T	r	Other effects: traps TC-NER complex	(32)
Cytosine Arabinoside	T	r	Other effects: blocks DNA synthesis	(197, 198)
Gemcitabine	T	r	Other effects: blocks DNA synthesis	(199)
<b>Endogenous DNA lesions</b>				(37, 44)
Single base mismatches	T	r	Polymerase & mismatch defects	(37, 40)
Mismatched loops	T	ir	Mismatch deficiencies	(40)
Abasic sites	T	ir	AP sites; base excision repair	(40)
8-oxoguanosine	B	r	Free radicals	(21)
5-hydroxycytosine	?	r	Free radicals	(21)
Single-strand breaks	T	ir	Free radicals; base excision repair	(41)
Cytosine methylation	F+T	r	Physiological	(200)
Triple helix formation	F+T	r	?	(201)
Apoptotic chromatin fragmentation	B+T	ir	Appears ubiquitous during apoptosis	(42-45)
<b>Exogenous DNA lesions</b>				(37)
UV lesions	?	?	Dimers & 6,4-photoproducts	(202, 203)
IR-induced DNA breaks	T	ir	Both single- & double-strand breaks	(41)
<i>O</i> <sup>6</sup> -methylguanine	T	r	Produced by alkylating drugs (MNNG)	(204)
<i>O</i> <sup>6</sup> -dA-benzo[ <i>a</i> ]pyrene adducts	T	r	Intercalated carcinogenic adducts	(205)
<i>N</i> <sup>2</sup> -dG-benzo[ <i>a</i> ]pyrene adducts	F	ir	Minor groove carcinogenic adducts	(206, 207)
<i>N</i> <sup>2</sup> -dG-benzo[ <i>c</i> ]phenanthrene adducts	T	r	Intercalated carcinogenic adducts	(207)
<i>N</i> <sup>6</sup> -Ethenoadenine	T	r	Carcinogenic vinyl adduct	(208)
<i>N</i> <sup>2</sup> -dG-ethyl adducts	T	r	Produced by acetaldehyde (alcohol)	(209)

<sup>a</sup>: For detailed review on non-camptothecin inhibitors see (32).

<sup>b</sup>: Mechanism for Top1 cleavage complex production: T: Trapping of the Top1 cleavage complexes (i.e.: inhibition of religation) (see Fig. 3B); B: enhancement of binding; F: enhancement of the forward (cleavage) reaction.

<sup>c</sup>: Reversibility of the Top1 cleavage complexes: r: reversible; ir: irreversible.